oct 2	E 12	BUREAU OF VI	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH	
S should state ery important.		County Beat Beat Beat Beat Begistration District Primary Registration City.	No. 27 2/ District No. 6 20 2/	28286 File Ne
HENT RECORD ILY. PHYSICIAN OCCUPATION IS V		(a) Residence. No. St., (Usual place of abode) angih of residence in city or town where death occurred yra. mos.	Ward. (If n	onresident give city or town and State) foreign birth? yrs. mos. ds.
i A PERMANENT e stated EXACTLY. t statement of OCCI		PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (write the word) HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF	16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY 17. I HEREBY CERTIF	y. That I attended deceased from \$ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
UNFADING INKTHIS IS refully supplied. AGE should be may be properly classified. Basc	7.	DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) 6 - 3 - 1926 AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS II LESS than I day,	death occurred, on the date stated above, THE COUSE OF DEATH! WAS	
WITH	9.	BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) PAGE (STATE OR COUNTRY)	10	Date of
WRITE PLAINEY tem of information sh tATH in plain terms,	PARENTS	10. NAME OF FATHER TRANSPORTED TO THE STATE OF COUNTRY) 11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN)	Was there an autopsy: What test confirmed defendest. (Signed)	VER, or in deaths from Violente Causina, state and (2) whether Accommendate, Specimal, or
R. B.—Every it CAUSE OF DE	14.	INFORMANT WINDWILL (Address) FILED (2) 1926 For for glassisting	HOSTICMAL. (See reverse cide for addition 19. PLACE OF BURIAL CREMATION 20. UNDERTAKED	
			7 / 100	100

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill, (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery, (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer." "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Form laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 urs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonie"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia." unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoina, etc., of ---- (name origin: "Cancer" is less definite: avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasm); Meusles, Whooping cough, Chronic valoular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease bausing death), 29 ds.: Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia." "PUERPERAL peritonitie," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OF HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Norn.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, crysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosts, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested wift work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.